

Fill in your personal

For use during drill

Evacuee safety Confirmation
☐ Student ☐ Staff ☐ Other
Name
Affiliation
chool / Graduate School / Department / major
status Grade
Student ID Staff ID
To be filled by the University



Fill in your personal details now.

For use during disasters

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School / Graduate School / Department / major

Status Grade

Smartphone app for online radio broadcasting

Keeping yourself safe should be your first priority Intense shaking will last few minutes An earthquake strikes!



Precautions

Keep three days supply of water and food Fix the heavy and large furniture.
Prevent falling and breakage of chemicals



Safety Actions





and large laboratory equipment and glass objects that may shatter Protect your head from falling objects. Stay away from: Large furniture

Evacuate to Safe area keep calm in case of a power outage.

When the shaking stops Stay Calm, support others, and accurately assess the situation

- Assess the situation in the room.
- (4) Shut off light and power/gas lines. (5) Do not use elevators.
 - (2) If there is a fire, work together to start controlling it as long as you can stay safe.(3) If anyone is injured, work together to provide first aid as long as you can stay sa If anyone is injured, work together to provide first aid as long as you can stay safe
- you are in an elevator, press every button and get off the elevator immediately after the door opens

Follow instructions from the faculty members and



Evacuee Safety Confirmation

evacuate to a safe area. (See map)

After reaching the evacuation area, please hand in the Evacuee

confirmation card to the staffs of each building

Helpful information

in an emergency

Emergency message hotline: 171 Confirm your safety:

•Dial 171 from a cell phone or public phone for the emergency message hotline. ●Registering your safety status (audio recording) ● 171+1+your phone number → leave a message ●To hear others' phone number → hear the recorded message messages (audio playback) •171+2+ the person's

Disaster message board (provided by mobile

Access the disaster message board from the company's official portal site
 Free trial on the first and fifteenth day of each month.

your LINE message status is "read", your safety

the municipal government, and other officials. Meteorological Agency, fire department headquarters, witter Collect disaster information tweets from the

Always carry an LED light, writing materials portable battery charger, etc. in your bag.

To be filled by the University

Safety Confirmation System (ANPIC)

of students and staffs after disasters important tool for confirming the safety Confirmation System (ANPIC) is an The Nagoya University Safety

Your THERS email address will be registered in this system at the beginning of the fiscal year.

Receiving Email from ANPIC

is also available on LINE or (no-reply@jecc.jp). ANPIC disaster drills held twice a to you from ANPIC year), an email will be sent After a disaster (or during



Enter your safety Information

sent from ANPIC to fill in your safety in the safety confirmation request email Please follow the instructions contained

Deciding whether to return home

decision not to go home if you live necessary, you may have to make the more than 10 km away. buildings and crumbled roads. It normal route due to collapsed You may not be able to walk via you

Going home

- Do you know the distance between the university and your nome:
- Do you wear shoes safe enough to walk roads scattered with wreckage

stickers on the back, you may foot during a disaster. be able to receive tap water or At convenience stores with the toilet when you come home on



Deciding not to go home

instead of immediately going home Another option is to stay in a safe place

When Nankai Trough Earthquake "Extraordinary issued by Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA) Information" (臨時情報 Rinji Jōhō) has been

and university activities check Nagoya University website for classes Get the correct information by yourself and

When "Storm Warning" (暴風警報 Bōfū Keihō) is issued by JMA:

warning issuance. If the warning is subsequently lifted, classes will be held as issued by JMA, classes will be cancelled after the If a "Storm(Gale) Warning" for Nagoya City is

If the warning is lifted by 6:45 am, classes will be

 If the warning is lifted by 11:00 am, afternoon classes will be held.

When "Special Wether Warning" (特別警報 Tokubetsu Keihō) is issued by JMA

the same as for the Storm Warning. protect yourself. The rules for canceling classes are provided by the local government or JMA, and Immediately follow the evacuation information

Carry At All Times

earthquake What to do in

Plan ahead. Prepare Now 2025version



When an earthquake early warning is issued

You have between several seconds and a few dozen seconds before the strong quake strikes.

DO NOT START RUNNING. DO NOT PANIC. Calm down and look for a safe place.



When an earthquake early warning is issued on campus

As soon as you are safe, report your status Calm down. Follow instructions of the faculty members to evacuate. Do not panic. Protect yourself

Go home once you get accurate information on the situation to others.

immediately in case of fire, sudden illness, accident,

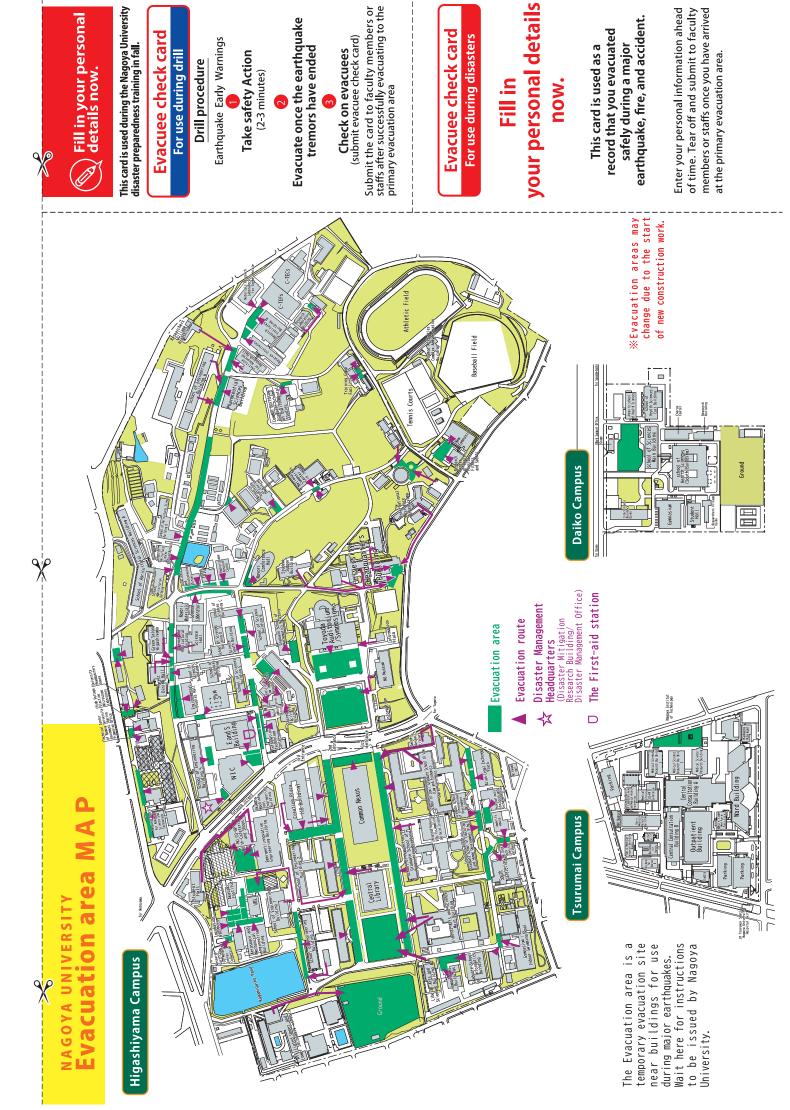
or other emergencies.

Higashiyama Campus (in Japanese) mobile phone 052-789-2111 Dial extension 110,119

◆Tsurumai Campus (in Japanese) mobile phone Dial extension Call Emergency Contorol 5555 torol Center 052-744-2939

◆Daiko Campus (in Japanese)mobile phone 052-719-1518
052-719-1504,052-719-1829 Also call 119 in case of fire or sudden illness

For concerns on your mental health:Dept. of Advising & Counseling Services, International Education & Exchange Center Tel: 052-788-6117



2025 Tokai National Higher Education and Research System Students' Guide for

Natural Disaster Preparedness

Nagoya University

What is an earthquake?

An earthquake is a phenomenon in which the ground shakes violently for up to several minutes. During a severe earthquake, houses and buildings may collapse. Earthquakes occur frequently in Japan. Although earthquakes of Seismic Intensity 3 (Japanese Scale) or below occur several times a year in Nagoya City, there is no need to worry about such small earthquakes. This guide explains the precautions to be taken in case of a major earthquake of Seismic Intensity 5 or more. Such earthquakes occur approximately once every from 100 to 150 years in this region.

Are large earthquakes predicted for this region?

Nankai Trough Huge Earthquakes

In the area of the Nankai Trough along pacific coast of south-west Japan, large earthquakes have occurred approximately once a century. The latest earthquakes are the Tonankai Earthquake in 1944 and the Nankai Earthquake 1946. The government estimates that the probability of a recurrence over the next three decades is 70 to 80 percent. If the biggest earthquake occurs in this region, violent tremor of Seismic Intensity 6 to 7 and a big Tsunami wave of over 10m high will hit a large area of the south-west Japan.

Earthquakes caused by inland active faults

There exist many active faults in Chubu to Kinki regions as shown in the right map. Recurrence period of earthquakes is thousand to several ten thousand years, however, once such earthquake occurs, extremely strong ground shaking is generated near the fault. Nohbi earthquake in 1891, Hyogo-ken Nanbu earthquake in 1995, Kumamoto earthquake in 2016 and Noto Peninsula earthquake in 2024 are earthquakes of this type, which caused many casualties due to collapse of houses and buildings. Strong shaking suddenly arrives prior to Earthquake Early Warning utilized in the ShakeOut drill. Even taking safety action becomes difficult due to strong shaking, therefore, pre-quake countermeasures such as securing furniture and equipment are quite essential.



Source: Database of active faults (AIST)

What could happen during and after severe shaking?

Houses and Buildings may collapse

Older and weaker houses and buildings might collapse during strong shaking. It is advisable to live in houses that are recently built or have been reinforced.

Furniture and other items may fall over

Many people might be injured or killed by falling furniture and household items as well as flying glass fragments. Take measures to prevent furniture and elevated furnishings from toppling over or falling down.

Outbreak of fires

Fire is major hazard associated with earthquakes. Extinguish any open flames immediately and switch off the circuit breaker in your house before evacuating after an earthquake is over.



Tsunami

Tsunami can be an extremely destructive hazard for coastal areas. Tsunami originates when ocean water is displaced vertically during a large earthquake. If you are close to the coast and feel a strong earthquake or a weak but prolonged tremor, you must move to higher ground as quickly as possible.

Before and During an Earthquake Disaster

When a large earthquake occurs,

The first 3 seconds

Stay Calm, protect yourself from falling objects, extinguish any flames (if possible) and open a door to provide a safe exit. Blindly rushing outside may result in unnecessary injury.

After 2-3 minutes

After the shaking subsides, evacuate from dangerous places. Turn off any heaters and stoves, stop any experiments in your laboratory, and check the safety of family members and others around you. When evacuating, be calm, watch for dangerous objects, and do not use elevators. If in class, follow the instructions of your faculty members.

A table crushed by fallen books

After 5-10 minutes

Once evacuated to a safe place, obtain information to prevent any further danger.

After 1 hour

Assist in putting out fires and rescue people if necessary, after first ensuring your own safety. Be prepared for aftershocks.

1 day

Report your situation to your school / university / laboratory. You must find out how to make contact in case of an emergency.

1 week

You may have to live in an Emergency Shelter. Make advance arrangements for emergency food and water.

Outdoors

Stay calm and keep away from falling glass and buildings that are in danger of collapsing. Brick walls are also dangerous. Move to an open area such as a park.

In a bus or train

Follow the instructions of the staff. If you cannot understand the instructions, ask someone close to you for help.

In a elevator

Press the buttons on all floors. If you are trapped, please press the intercom etc. and notify the management center or persons inside the building. If an emergency equipment box is installed, use it to wait for rescue and recovery.



Chemistry laboratory with scattered equipment



Collapsed stone wall

Earthquake Early Warning(緊急地震速報: Kinkyu Jishin Sokuho)

The Earthquake Early Warning system provides advance announcement of the estimated seismic intensities and expected arrival time of principal motion. These estimations are based on prompt analysis of the focus and magnitude of the earthquake using wave form data observed by seismographs near the epicenter. The Earthquake Early Warning is aimed at mitigating earthquake-related damage by allowing countermeasures such as promptly slowing down trains, controlling elevators to avoid danger and enabling people to quickly protect themselves in various environments such as factories, offices, houses and near cliffs.

(https://www.jma.go.jp/jma/en/Activities/eew.html) Also, from February 1, 2023, an Earthquake Early Warning will be issued even if the estimeted seismic intensity scale for long-period ground motion (https://www.data.jma.go.jp/eew/data/ltpgm_explain/about_level.html) is predicted to be 3 or higher. When an earthquake early warning is issued, do not start running and not panic, and calm down and look for a safe place.

Safety in Laboratories

Secure dangerous objects

Tall, heavy, or dangerous furniture and equipment (e.g., lockers, book shelves, TV, PC, experimental facilities, facilities with casters, glass objects) should be secured to prevent movement during an earthquake.

Experiments

Safety measures should be taken for experiment equipment, chemicals and gas. It is important to prevent fires and explosions. Stop any experiments in case of an earthquake, check that flames are extinguished, check for accident prevention, then evacuate quickly and safely.

Safe evacuation

Do not store goods near exits and passageways. Watch for areas of danger (e.g., damaged buildings and falling objects) on your way to the evacuation site.

Preparedness

Please discuss earthquake safety with your supervising professor and fellow laboratory members.

Nankai Trough Earthquake Extra Information(南海トラフ地 震臨時情報: Rinii Joho)

It has been decided that Nankai Trough Earthquake Extra Information will be made starting May 31, 2019. Depending on the situation, "under Investigation (調査中:Chosachu)", "Mejor Earthquake Warning (巨大地震警戒: Kyodai Jishin Keikai)", "Mejor Earthquake Advisory (巨大地震注意: Kyodai Jishin Chui)" and "Completion of Investigation (調査終了: Chosa Syuryo)" are assumed. If it is determined that a major earthquake is imminent,



Shelves which will block the aisle when they fall (in Nagoya Úniv.)



Traces of a fire of a chemical laboratory due to the shaking (in Tohoku Univ.)

"Mejor Earthquake Warning" will be announced. You should reconfirm the daily preparations for disasters and the risk of a tsunami for about a week after the announcement. Prior evacuation is required in some areas. (The area subject to pre-evacuation in Nagoya City is designated as an area where inundation of 30 cm or more occurs within 30 minutes from the occurrence of the earthquake.). Also, you should follow the instructions of the university regarding the organization of classes, returning home, etc., while also ensuring your safety by staying abreast of the situation.

Damage caused by heavy rains and storms

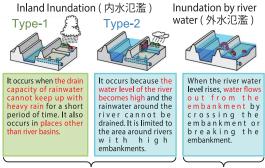
When heavy rain continues for a long time and the amount of rain exceeds the drainage capacity of sewers, inland inundation (内水氾濫: Naisui Hanran) will occur. On the other hand, when the water level of a river rises and the water overflows over the embankment or the embankment breaks and the river water and sediment

flow out, inundation by river water (外水氾濫: Gaisui Hanran) will occur. In either case, there is a warning period before actual occurrence, so it is important to ensure early safety. Also, in very strong winds with an average wind speed of over 20 m/s, you may not be able to walk unless you are holding on to something, or you may be injured by flying objects. It is important to refrain from going out as much as possible when the possibility of flooding is high.



Very strong winds (an average wind speed ≥ 20m/s)

(Quoted from JMA)



Not due to river flooding Due to river flooding

Disaster prevention weather information announced by the Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA) and actions you should take

The Japan Meteorological Agency publishes disaster prevention weather information such as emergency warnings, warnings, advisories and early warning information in order to prevent and mitigate weather disasters, and calls for caution and caution in stages. Please be prepared on a daily basis so that you can make an appropriate decision on the action to be taken by referring to the timing and contents of the announcement of each information and the response of municipalities, illustrated below.

Status of Weather		Weather Warnings			Evacuation Information	Our Action	Alert Level	
From a few days to about a day before heavy rain	Early Warning Information (Probability of Warnings)					Rafse Your Preparedness for Weather Disasters	1	
From half a day to a few hours before heavy rain	Heavy Rain Advisory Flood Advisory Advisory with a high probability of a subsequent Heavy Rain Warning	Storm Surge Advisory		Flood Caution Information		Confirm Your Own Evacuation Actions Reconfirm the disaster risk at home, etc. and the means of grasping evacuation information using hazard maps, etc.	2	
From a few hours to about 2 hours before heavy rain	Heavy Rain Warning Flood Warning	Advisory with a high probability of subsequent Storm Surge Warning		Flood Alert Information	Elderly Start Evacuation	Elderly People Evacuate from Dangerous Places. Even non-elderly people will check their actions, prepare for evacuation, and evacuate voluntarily as neede.	3	
•	Landslide Alert Information	Storm Surge Warning	Storm Surge Emergency Warning	Flood Risk Information	Evacuation Instruction	Evacuate Everyone from Dangerous Places. Complete evacuation by this stage. If a storm is expected due to a typhoon, complete evacuation before the storm.	4	
Be sure to evacuate by alert level 4								
Heavy rain once every few decades	Heavy Rain Emergency Warning			Flood Occurrence Information	Ensuring Emergency Safety	Danger of Life Make the best move to protect your life. (from JMA Ho	5	

Advisory: 注意報 (Chuiho) 、Warning: 警報 (Keiho)、Alert Information: 警戒情報 (Keikai Joho)、Emergency Warning: 特別警報 (Tokubetsu Keiho)

Heavy Rain:大雨 (Oame)、Flood:洪水 (Kozui)・はん濫 (Hanran)、Storm Surge:高潮 (Takashio)、Landslide:土 砂災害 (dosha-saigai)

Gathering information on wind/flood disaster

Portal site (Hazard maps, etc.)

Emergencies (Nagoya City)

https://www.city.nagoya.jp/kurashi/category/405-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0.html?hl=en

Disaster Information for River

(Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism) https://www.river.go.jp/index

The Outlines of Landform Classification Map for Flood Control

(Geospatial Information Authority of Japan)

https://www.gsi.go.jp/bousaichiri/bousaichiri41045. html

River water level information

Road / river Monitoring Information System (道路・河川等監視情報システム)

https://www.rdcamimage.city.nagoya.jp/pu blic html/

Weather information

JMA Official Website

https://www.jma.go.jp/jma/indexe.html

Information for Evacuation

Nagova City Official Website https://www.city.nagoya.jp/

Evacuation due to flooding

Put on athletic shoes

Boots become difficult to walk when water gets inside, so wear comfortable lace shoes. Keep your hands free by carrying the emergency carry-out bag on your back. In principle, it is desirable not to evacuate once inundation begins.

If the inundation depth is over your knee level,

Evacuation is dangerous, so do not overdo it and evacuate to a safer building in the vicinity.

Contact with family, friends and university office for safety confirmation

Contact each other by a predetermined method. Use the safety confirmation system (ANPIC) to inform the university of your place and safety condition.

Keep in mind false rumors

If you are off campus, follow the instructions of the local government, fire department, police agency, etc. and collect information from the radio, TV, public relations vehicle, etc.

Confirmation of evacuation place and route

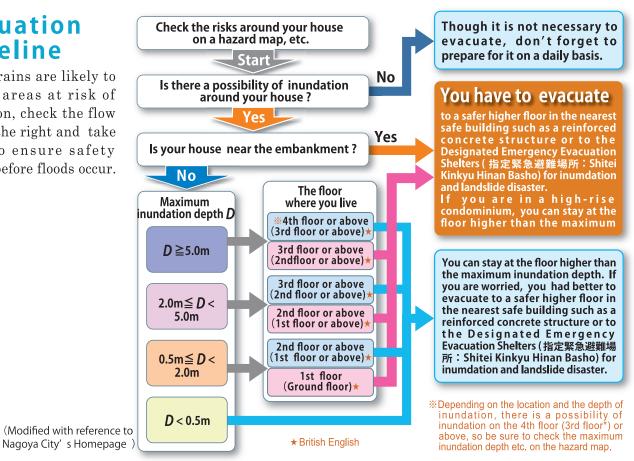
Primary evacuation areas and evacuation routes near each building have been specified. Check in advance so that you can evacuate smoothly. Also, do not store goods near exits and passageways.

Help each other in the neighbaorhood

Encourage your neighbors to evacuate, and if they are sick or have difficulty walking, carry them on your back and evacuate.

Evacuation guideline

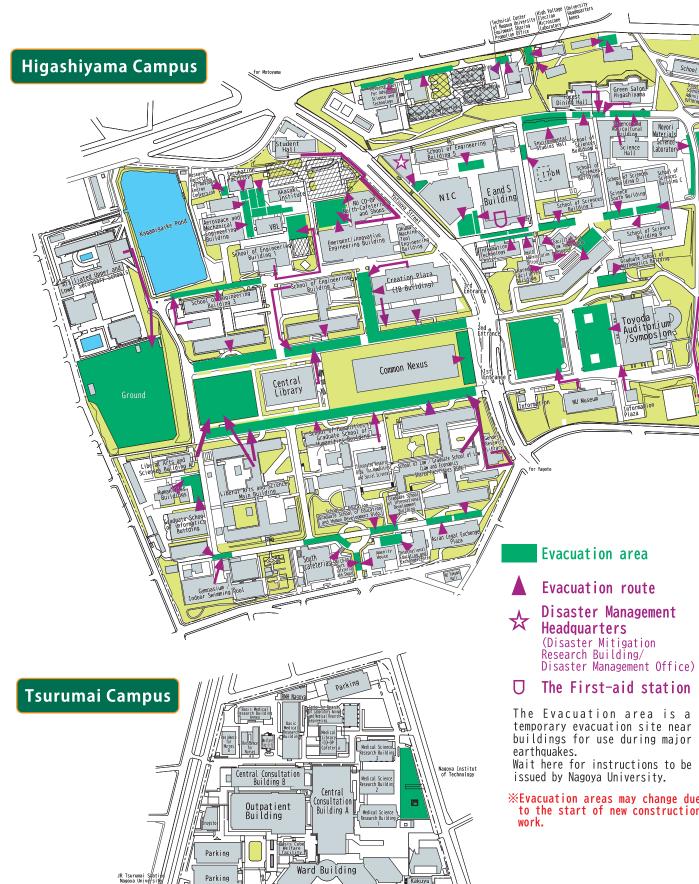
If heavy rains are likely to occur in areas at risk of inundation, check the flow chart on the right and take action to ensure safety yourself before floods occur.



University classes and exams at the time of weather warning information

At Nagoya University, if various emergency warnings or storm warnings are issued at the place where classes and regular examinations are held, the classes that start after the announcement will be canceled (except for online lessons using ICT, etc.). For details, please check the Nagoya University portal site.

Evacuation Area Map for Large Eartho



Contact in case of emergency

◆Higashiyama Campus (in Japanese)Mobile Phone 052-789-2111Ex. 110、119

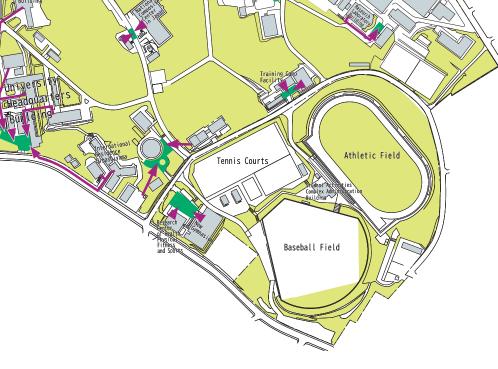
◆Tsurumai Campus (in Japanese)
Mobile Phone 052-744-2939
Ex. 5555

◆Daiko Campus (in Japanese)

Mobile Phone 052-719-1504

052-719-1518

052-719-1829



Daiko Campus

Tor Duone

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Grape

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James to school of Sciences

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Nagoya University Safety Confirmation System (ANPIC)

The Nagoya University Safety Confirmation System (ANPIC) is an important tool for confirming the safety of students and staffs after disasters. When an earthquake with a seismic intensity of lower 5 or higher occurs in Aichi Prefecture, ANPIC will automatically send you a safety confirmation email to you. When you receive the safety confirmation email, please access the URL in the email (https://anpic*jecc.jp/************) and report your safety status. Although it is necessary to report your safety as soon as possible, do so at least after you have ensured safety, such as by evacuation. Since we do not know when and where an earthquake will occur, it is important to be able to receive safety confirmation emails anytime, anywhere, such as on a smartphone.

The flow of your safety status reports is shown below.

1Registered your organization email address

Your organization email address will be registered by the university in this system at the beginning of the fiscal year as an emergency contact email address.



2 Receiving Email from ANPIC

After a disaster (or during disaster drills held twice a year), an email will be sent to you from ANPIC (no-reply@jecc.jp). ANPIC is also available on LINE or Application.



About ANPIC



3 Enter your safety Information

Please follow the instructions contained in the safety confirmation request email sent from ANPIC to fill in your safety status.

For more information

Please refer to the manual or NU portal:

https://portal.nagoya-u.ac.jp/app/group/faculty/ business/disaster-prevention (Japanese version only).

Preparing for disasters

Making your house safer

Collapsing buildings and falling furniture result in many fatalities during a large earthquake. Prevent heavy furniture from toppling over or falling down. Furniture should be securely fastened using appropriate means.

Prepare emergency items

Assemble valuable (passport, cash), food and water, a first-aid kit, a radio, clothoing, etc. Pack these items together so they are ready to take with you at any time.

Know your evacuation site and escape route

As you may need to use the Emergency Shelter in your community it is important to know if language support is available.

Learn about disasters in Japan

Natural disasters frequently occur in Japan. Check the website of the Cabinet Office, Government of Japan. https://www.bousai.go.jp/index-e.html

Further Information

Official shelter areas

Maps of shelter sites are available at your local ward office or on the Nagoya City website at https://www.city.nagoya.jp/bosaikikikanri/page/0000154010.html?hl=en

Emergency kit

Valuables: passports, cash(small change), bankbook, health insurance passbook, licenses / certificates.

Emergency food: pack 7 days worth of food (canned food, etc., 10 days if possible) and drinking water (3 litters per day).

Medical supplies: first-aid kit, medicines, etc.

Emergency equipment: portable radio, flashlight, batteries.

Clothing: long-sleeved top, rain gear, underwear, blanket, sleeping bag, spare glasses, gloves, etc.

Other necessary items for babies, elders, sick persons and those who need constant care.

Confirm how to contact in an emergency

In the event of a major disaster, it is very important to get in touch with family, friends and the university. It is very difficult to connect by ordinary phones and mobile phones (voice). In that case, use the NTT Disaster Emergency Message Dial 171 or the Mobile phone disaster message board service of your mobile phone vendor. Use the Safety Confirmation System (ANPIC) to contact the university (ref. P8).

● NTT Disaster Emergency Message Dial (171) and Disaster emergency message board (web171)

This service is available when earthquake and other natural disasters occur. Information on using this service is provided at

https://www.ntt-west.co.jp/dengon/english/ or https://www.ntt-west.co.jp/dengon/web171/english/

Mobile phone disaster message board service

This service enables users in the disaster area to register messages via the network access functions of their mobile phones.

Message boards in English (Instructions are also available.):

DoCoMo: https://www.nttdocomo.co.jp/english/info/disaster/disaster_board/

au: https://www.au.com/english/mobile/anti-disaster/saigai-dengon/sp-usage/

SoftBank: https://www.softbank.jp/en/mobile/service/dengon/

Contact

Nagoya University Disaster Management Office, 052-788-6040, 2nd floor Disaster Mitigation Research Building. https://www.saigai.nagoya-u.ac.jp/

Memorandam

You never know when you might encounter a disaster in everyday life, such as during a lecture, experiment, or while riding a train. Imagine the troubles you will face in various situations during a disaster. In case the communication function becomes unavailable, check and write down your family's contact information and nearby evacuation centers in advance.

How to use "What to do in a major earthquake!"

The next page is the ``What to do in a major earthquake !" (with ``Evacuee Confirmation Card"). Cut it out and fold it to make it pocket size.

- It comes with an important card that can be used when communication functions become unavailable in the event of a disaster. **Cut it out according to the cutting lines and carry it with you at all times.** (Note!: Do not cut out the "Evacuee Confirmation Card" now.)
- Please fill out the "Evacuee Confirmation Card" immediately.

[For use for during drill] During the university-wide disaster prevention drill on October 28th (Tuesday), it is separated and submitted to the department's disaster prevention personnel.

(For use for during disasters) During disasters, it is separated and submitted.

